

Chronic Disease – Diabetes

	2004				2005			
	n	weighted %	N	95% CI	n	weighted %	N	95% CI
Gender								
Male	51	4%	1,232	3.0 - 6.3	79	4%	1,299	2.9 - 5.6
Female	77	4%	1,424	2.9 - 5.4	76	5%	1,510	3.5 - 6.6
Total	128	4%	2,656	3.2 - 5.3	155	4%	2,809	3.5 - 5.5
Race								
Native (any mention)	32	4%	606	2.5 - 5.5	28	3%	597	2.0 - 4.8
Non-Native	95	4%	2,029	3.2 - 5.7	125	5%	2,190	3.6 - 5.9
Age								
18–24	1	<1%	232	0.0 - 1.0	1	<1%	216	0.0 - 1.9
25–34	7	1%	501	0.4 - 1.9	5	1%	464	0.3 - 2.5
35–44	11	2%	563	0.8 - 4.9	13	3%	596	1.2 - 5.4
45–54	32	6%	643	3.4 - 8.9	39	4%	744	2.6 - 6.7
55–64	38	10%	423	6.7 - 15.4	47	8%	433	5.8 - 11.4
65 or older	39	9%	272	6.5 - 13.7	48	17%	335	11.2 - 23.9
Education								
Less than H.S.	13	2%	259	1.2 - 3.8	23	4%	266	2.5 - 6.6
H.S. Grad or GED	48	7%	843	4.7 - 10.3	42	4%	881	2.8 - 6.5
Some College or Tech School	34	3%	781	1.9 - 4.5	53	6%	822	3.8 - 8.1
College Grad	32	3%	763	1.9 - 4.6	36	3%	835	2.1 - 5.4
Income								
Less than \$15K	22	10%	254	5.3 - 18.7	30	7%	278	3.9 - 13.2
\$15,000–24,999	22	5%	365	2.6 - 7.7	29	7%	373	4.2 - 11.8
\$25,000–34,999	9	2%	307	0.9 - 5.9	11	3%	271	1.3 - 6.8
\$35,000–49,999	22	4%	407	2.4 - 7.4	13	2%	399	1.3 - 4.5
\$50,000–74,999	17	4%	469	2.3 - 8.5	22	3%	524	1.9 - 4.7
\$75K+	20	3%	589	1.5 - 4.9	33	5%	671	2.9 - 7.3

n = Number of respondents who report ever told by doctor that they have diabetes.

% = This is a weighted (adjusted) percentage of the state population (adult) at risk in this demographic subgroup, based on the survey data.

N = Total number of respondents in this subgroup.

95% CI = 95% Confidence Interval; the range of values within which the true value of a prevalence estimate would be expected to fall within, 95% of the time.